χαίρετε, ὦ φίλοι!

Enclosed is the ATH2010 group's collation for chapter 6β of Athenaze (Åθήναζε).

Group information and study schedule: http://www.jhronline.com/greek/ATH2010/course.html

Anyone can join this study group at any time. Just send in a submission!

Send complete or partial assignments to jaihare@gmail.com by midnight your local time on Thursday with the tag [ATH2010] and the chapter number (e.g., 6β) in the subject line.

We're currently replanning our assignments, but the proposed schedule can be viewed as an image at: http://www.jhronline.com/greek/ATH2010/proposed_new_schedule.png If we've lost you at some point because of schedule pressure, please consider rejoining up! Don't give up on Greek!! You can do it!

We had 4 participants this week:

- # JAH Jason Hare <jaihare@gmail.com>
- # LXD Lorcan Despanais <xreemao@gmail.com>
- # NAD NateD <private>

RKM Rob McConeghy <robmcc1@cox.net>

I 1 JAH We desire to walk home.

I 1 LXD We want to walk homeward.

I 1 NAD We want to go home.

I 1 RKM we want to walk home.

I 2 JAH The young men and young women are very afraid in the labyrinth.

I 2 LXD The young men and the maidens are terribly afraid in the labyrinth.

I 2 NAD The young men and maidens are very afraid in the labyrinth.

I 2 RKM the young men and the maidens are very frightened in the labyrinth.

I 3 JAH You are become lazy, slave.

"Are become" is an older English way of saying "have become", meaning that it seems to me that this means basically the same as "you are lazy", but the change is inherent in the verb. What do you think?

I 3 LXD You are getting lazy, slave.

I 3 NAD You become lazy, slave.

I 3 RKM you are getting lazy, slave.

I 4 JAH We arrive at Crete.

I 4 LXD We arrive at the spring.

I 4 NAD We arrive at Krete.

I 4 RKM we are arriving in Crete.

I 5 JAH The king receives us.

I 5 LXD The king receives us.

I 5 NAD The king receives us.

I 5 RKM the king receives us.

I 6 JAH The dog rushes at the wolf.I 6 LXD The dog charges at the wolf.I 6 NAD The dog rushes (itself) at the wolf.I 6 RKM the dog rushes at the wolf.

I 7 JAH The women are sitting at the spring.

I 7 LXD The women are sitting near the spring.

- I 7 NAD The women sit down by the spring.
- I 7 RKM the women are sitting at the well.

I 8 JAH Theseus takes hold of [his] sword. I 8 LXD Theseus takes hold of the swords (for himself).

- I 8 NAD Theseus takes hold of his sword.
- I 8 RKM Theseus grasps his sword.

I 9 JAH Do you not want to obey [your] father? I 9 LXD Don't you wish to obey your father? I 9 NAD Do you not wish to obey your father?

I 9 RKM aren't you willing to obey your father?

I 10 JAH Do not fear the wolf, children.

- I 10 LXD Don't be afraid of the wolf, boys.
- I 10 NAD Don't be afraid of the wolf, children.

I 10 RKM do not be afraid of the dog, kids.

J 1 JAH The man does not obey you.

Dative with certain verbs.

- J 1 LXD The man is not obeying you. (6.g dative with certain verbs)
- J 1 NAD The man does not obey you (pl.). Dat. use Direct object.
- J 1 RKM the man does not obey us. certain verbs

J 2 JAH Obey me, children.

Dative with certain verbs.

- J 2 LXD Obey me, boys! (6.g certain verbs)
- J 2 NAD Obey me, children. Dat. use Direct object.
- J 2 RKM obey me, children. certain verbs
- J 3 JAH Give the plow over to me.

Dative of the indirect object.

- J 3 LXD Hand me the plow. (6.a ind. object of verbs of giving)
- J 3 NAD Hand over the plow to me. Dat. use Indirect object.
- J 3 RKM give me the plow. indirect object

J 4 JAH I tell the story to the child.

Dative of the indirect object.

- J 4 LXD I am telling a boy the myth. (6.a telling)
- J 4 NAD I tell my son the story. Dat. use Indirect object.
- J 4 RKM I am telling the story to the child. indirect object

J 5 JAH The farmer has a plow.

Dative of the possessor.

J 5 LXD The plow belongs to the farmer. (6.b - dative of possession)

J 5 NAD There is for the farmer a plow = The farmer has a plow. Dat. use - Possession.

J 5 RKM the farmer has a plow. possessor

J 6 JAH The farmer, whose name [is] Dicaeopolis, leads the oxen to the field.

όνάματι is dative of respect; βουσίν is dative with certain verbs.

J 6 LXD The farmer, Dikaiopolis by name (6.c - dat. of respect), is leading the oxen (6.g - certain verbs) into the field.

J 6 NAD The farmer, by the name of Dicaeopolis, leads the oxen into the field. Dat. uses - a. Respect. b. Direct object.

J 6 RKM the farmer, Dikaeopolis by name, is leading the oxen into the field. respect and certain verbs

J 7 JAH The child pelts the wolf with stones.

Instrumental dative.

- J 7 LXD The boy pelts the wolf with stones. (6.d Means/Instrument)
- J 7 NAD The boy pelts the wolf with stones. Dat. use Means.
- J 7 RKM the boy pelts the wolf with stones. instrument
- J 8 JAH The woman hands over a lot of food to [her] husband.

Dative of the indirect object.

- J 8 LXD The woman offers the man much food. (6.a Giving/Showing)
- J 8 NAD The woman supply much food to her husband. Dat. use Indirect object.
- J 8 RKM the woman/wife is providing much food to the man/her husband. indirect object

J 9 JAH The master calls the slaves with such a cry that they are afraid.

Instrumental dative.

- J 9 LXD The master calls the slaves with so great a shout that they are afraid. (6.d Means or Instrument)
- J 9 NAD The master calls his slaves with such a great shout that they are frightened. Dat. use Means.
- J 9 RKM the master calls the slaves with such a great shout that they are afraid. means(manner)
- J 10 JAH The child has a good dog.

Dative of the possessor.

- J 10 LXD The boy has a beautiful dog. (6.b Possession)
- J 10 NAD There is for the boy a fine dog = The boy has a fine dog. Dat. use Possession.
- J 10 RKM the boy has a beautiful dog. possessor
- Κ 1 JAΗ πρὸς τὸν ἀγρὸν ἐρχόμεθα.
- We are going to the field. K 1 LXD πρὸς τὸν ἀγρὸν ἐργόμεθα.
 - We are coming to the field.
- K 1 NAD πρὸς τὸν ἀγρὸν ἐρχόμεθα. We go toward the field.
- K 1 RKM πρὸς τὸν ἀγρὸν ἐρχόμεθα. we are going to the field.

K 2 JAH πρός τῆ ὁδῷ καθίζουσιν.
 They are sitting by the road.
 K 2 LXD πρὸς τῆ ὁδῷ καθίζουσιν.

- They are sitting by the road. K 2 NAD πρός τῆ όδῷ καθίζουσιν.
- They sit by the road.
- K 2 RKM πρός τῆ ὁδῷ καθίζουσιν. they are sitting by the road.
- K 3 JAH ἐκ τῆς οἰκίας σπεύδει. He hurries out of the house.
- K 3 LXD ἐκ τῆς οἰκίας σπεύδει. He hurries out of the house.
- K 3 NAD ἐκ τῆς οἰκίας σπεύδει. He/She hurries out of the house.
- K 3 RKM ἐκ τῆς οἰκίας σπεύδει. he is hurrying out of the house.
- K 4 JAH ἀπὸ τῆς νήσου πλέουσιν. They are sailing away from the island.
 K 4 LXD ἀπὸ τῆς νήσου πλέουσιν. They are sailing away from the island.
 K 4 NAD ἀπὸ τῆς νήσου πλέουσιν. They sail from the island.
- K 4 RKM ἀπὸ τῆς νήσου πλέουσιν. they are sailing from the island
- K 5 JAH κατὰ τὴν ὁδὸν πορεύονται. They are going down the road.
- K 5 LXD κατὰ τῆν ὁδον πορεύονται. They are walking down the road.
- K 5 NAD κατὰ τὴν ὁδὸν πορεύονται. They walk/journey down the road.
- K 5 RKM κατὰ τὴν ὁδὸν πορεύονται. they are marching down the road.

K 6 JAH μετὰ τῶν ἑταίρων φεύγει. He is fleeing with his companions.
K 6 LXD μετὰ τοὺς ἐταίρους θεύγει. He is running off with his companions.
K 6 NAD μετὰ τῶν ἑταίρων φεύγει. He/She flees with his/her companions.
K 6 RKM μετὰ τῶν ἑταίρων φεύγει.

he is fleeing with his companions.

K 7 JAH ἐν τῷ λαβυρίνθῳ μένετε. Remain in the labyrinth.
K 7 LXD ἐν τῷ λαβυρίνθῳ μένετε. You are remaining in the labyrinth.
K 7 NAD ἐν τῷ λαβυρίνθῳ μένετε. You (pl.) stay/Stay in the labyrinth.
K 7 RKM ἐν τῷ λαβυρίνθῳ μένετε. you are staying in the labyrinth
K 8 JAH ἡγεῖσθε ἡμῖν πρὸς τὴν κρήνην. Lead us to the spring.
K 8 LXD ἡγεῖσθε ἡμῖν πρὸς τῆν κρήνην.

- K 8 LAD ηγείσθε ημιν προς την κρηνην. You are leading us to the spring.
- K 8 NAD ήγεῖσθε ἡμῖν πρὸς τὴν κρήνην. You (pl.) lead/Lead us to the spring.
- K 8 RKM ήγεῖσθε ἡμἴν πρὸς τὴν κρήνην. you are leading (or lead!) us to the spring.
- K 9 JAH oi παῖδες τρέχουσιν ἀνὰ τὴν ὁδόν. The children run up the way.
- K 9 LXD οἱ παῖδες τρέχουσιν ἀνὰ τῆν ὁδον. The boys are running up the road.
- K 9 NAD οἱ παῖδες τρέχουσιν ἀνὰ τὴν ὁδόν. The children run up the road.
- K 9 RKM οἱ παῖδες πρέχουσιν ἀνὰ τὴν ὁδόν. the children are running up the road.
- K 10 JAH αί παρθένοι καθίζονται ὑπὸ τὸ δένδρον. The maidens are sitting under the tree.
- K 10 LXD αἰ παρθένοι καθίζονται ὑπὸ τῷ δένδρῳ. The girls are sitting under the tree.
- K 10 NAD αἰ παρθένοι καθίζονται ὑπὸ τῷ δένδρῳ. The maidens sit down under the tree.
- K 10 RKM αἰ παρθένοι καθίζονται ὑπὸ τῷ δένδρφ. the maidens are sitting under the tree.
- K 11 JAH ὁ κύων ὁρμᾶται ἐπὶ τῷ λύκφ. The dog rushes at the wolf.
- K 11 LXD ὁ κύων ὁρμᾶται ἐπὶ τὸν λύκον. The dog charges at the wolf.
- K 11 NAD ὁ κύων ὁρμᾶται ἐπὶ τὸν λύκον. The dog rushes (itself) at the wolf.
- K 11 RKM ὁ κύων ὁρμᾶται ἐπὶ τὸν λύκον. the dog is rushing at the wolf.

- K 12 JAH oi ἑταῖροι εἰς τὸν λαβύρινθον εἰσέρχονται. The companions enter into the labyrinth.
- K 12 LXD οἱ ἑταῖροι εἰς τὸν λαβύρινθον εἰσέρχονται. The companions are entering the labyrinth.
- K 12 NAD οἱ ἑταῖροι εἰς τὸν λαβύρινθον εἰσέρχονται. The comrades go into the labyrinth.
- K 12 RKM οἱ ἐταῖροι εἰς τὸν λαβύρινθον εἰσέρχονται. the companions are going into the labyrinth.
- L 1 JAH ἆρ' οὐκ ἐθέλεις μοι πείθεσθαι, ὦ παῖ;
- L 1 LXD ἆρα οὐκ ἐθέλεις πείθειν,ὦ παῖ ;
- L 1 NAD ἆρ' οὐκ ἐθέλεις πείθεσθαί μοι, ὦ παῖ; or ὦ δοῦλε ?
- L 1 RKM $\tilde{d}\rho'$ oùk èbéleic πείθεσθαί μοι, $\tilde{\omega}$ παĩ ;
- L 2 JAH λέγε μοι τὸν μῦθον.
- L 2 LXD λέγε μοι τὸν μῦθον.
- L 2 NAD λέγε μοι τον μῦθον.
- L 2 RKM είπέ μοι τὸν μῦθον.
- L 3 JAH παρέχω σοι/ὑμῖν τὸ ἄροτρον.
- L 3 LXD τὸ ἄροτρόν σοι παρέχω.
- L 3 NAD τὸ ἄροτρόν σοι παρέχομαι.
- L 3 RKM τον άροτρον σοι παρέχω.
- L 4 JAH ἔστι τῷ αὐτουργῷ βοῦς.

See the bottom of pg. 290 for all of the forms of $\beta o \tilde{v} \zeta$. This one is nominative, since the verb is $\dot{\epsilon} \sigma \tau i v$ (doesn't take a direct object).

- L 4 LXD ἔστι τῷ αὐτουγῷ μέγας βοῦς.
- L 4 NAD ἕστι τῷ αὐτουργῷ βοῦς μέγας.
- L 4 RKM ἔστι τῷ αὐτουργῷ μέγας βοῦς.

L 5 JAH ὁ νεανίας, Θησεὺς ὀνόματι, τοῖς ἑταίροις ἀνδρείως ἡγεῖται.

- L 5 LXD ὁ νεανίας, Θησεὺς ὀνόματι, τοῖς ἑταίροις ἀνδρείως ἡγεῖται.
- L 5 NAD ὁ νεανίας, ὀνόματι Θησεύς, τοῖς ἑταίροις ἀνδρείως ἡγεῖται.
- L 5 RKM ὁ νεανίας, Θησεὺς ὀνόνατι, τοῖς ἑταίροις ἀνδρείως ἡγεῖται.
- L 6 JAH ὁ παῖς τὸν λύκον λίθῷ βάλλει.
- L 6 LXD ὁ παῖς τὸν λύκον λίθῳ βα;λλει.
- L 6 NAD ὁ παῖς τὸν λύκον λίθω βάλλει.
- L 6 RKM ὁ παῖς τὸν λύκον λίθῷ βάλλει.
- L 7 JAH ή παρθένος τῆ φίλῃ σῖτον παρέχει.
- L 7 LXD ή παρθένος τὸν σίτον τῃ φίλῃ παρέχει.
- L 7 NAD ή παρθένος τῷ φίλῳ/τῃ φίλῃ σῖτον παρέχει.
 - "her" is implied by the article in either, whichever gender this friend may be.
- L 7 RKM ή παρθένος σίτον τῷ φίλῳ παρέχει.

- L 8 JAH ὁ δοῦλος τοὺς βοῦς τῷ κέντρῳ κόπτει.
- L 8 LXD \circ δούλος το
υς βούς τῷ κέντρ
ῷ τύπτει.
- L 8 NAD \circ δοῦλος το
ὺς βοῦς τῷ κέντρ
ῷ βάλλει.
- L 8 RKM ὁ δοῦλος τοὺς βοῦς κέντρῷ βάλλει.

L 9 JAH ή παρθένος ταῖς πύλαις προσχωρεῖ. / πρὸς τὰς πύλας προσέρχεται.

- L 9 LXD ή παῖς ταῖς πύλαις προσχωρεĩ.
- L 9 NAD ή παρθένος ταῖς πύλαις προσχωρεĩ.
- L 9 RKM ή παρθένος πρὸς τὰς πύλας (or ταῖς πύλαις) προσχωρεĩ.

L 10 JAH έν τῆ ὑστεραία οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐκ τοῦ λαβυρίνθου (ἐκ)φεύγουσιν.

- L 10 LXD τῆ ὑστεραία οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐκ τοῦ λαβυρίνθου φεύγουσιν.
- L 10 NAD τ
ῆ ὑστεραία οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐκ τοῦ λαβυρίνθου ἐκφεύγουσιν.
- L 10 RKM τῆ ὑστεραία οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐκ τοῦ λαβυρίθου φεύγουσιν.
- M 1 JAH Theseus wants to save his companions.
- M 1 LXD Theseus wants to save his companions.
- M 1 NAD Theseus wants to save his comrades.
- M 1 RKM Theseus wants to save his companions.

M 2 JAH The Athenians arrive at the island, and the king receives them.

M 2 LXD The Athenians arrive on the island; and the king receives them.

- M 2 NAD While the Athenians arrive at the island, the king receives them.
- M 2 RKM the Athenians arrive at the island, and the king receives them.

M 3 JAH Don't fight, friends, and don't cry out, but keep silent.

- M 3 LXD Don't fight, friends, and don't shout, but be quiet.
- M 3 NAD Do not fight, my friends, nor shout but be quiet.
- M 3 RKM do not fight, friends, and don't shout, but be quiet !

M 4 JAH When it becomes night, the maiden comes to the gates.

- M 4 LXD When night falls, the girl comes to the gates.
- M 4 NAD When night comes, the girl goes toward the gates.
- M 4 RKM when night comes, the maiden goes to the gates.

M 5 JAH When Theseus kills the Minotaur, we follow him out of the labyrinth.

- M 5 LXD When Theseus kills the Minotaur, we follow him out of the labyrinth.
- M 5 NAD When Theseus kills the Minotaur, we follow him out of the labyrinth.
- M 5 RKM when Theseus kills the Minotaur, we follow him out of the labyrinth.
- Μ 6 JAH ὁ Αἰγεὺς μάλα/μέγα φοβεῖται ἀλλὰ πείθεται αὐτῷ.
- M 6 LXD ὁ μὲν Αἰγεὺς μάλα φοβεῖται, αὐτῷ δὲ πείθεται.
- Μ 6 ΝΑD ὁ Αἰγεὺς μάλα φοβεῖται ἀλλὰ πείθεται αὐτῷ.
- Μ 6 RKM ὁ Αἰγεὺς μάλα φοβεῖται, ἀλλὰ αὐτῷ πείθεται.

Μ 7 JAH οἱ μὲν ἑταῖροι μάλα/μέγα φοβοῦνται, ὁ δὲ Θησεὺς αὐτοῖς ἀνδρείως ἡγεῖται.

M 7 LXD οἱ μὲν ἑταίροι μάλιστα φοβοῦνται, ὁ δὲ Θεσεὺς ἀνδρείως αὐτοῖς ἡγεῖται.

Μ 7 ΝΑΟ οἱ μὲν ἑταῖροι μάλιστα φοβοῦνται, ὁ δὲ Θησεὺς ἀνδρείως ἡγεῖται αὐτοῖς.

Μ 7 RKM οἱ μὲν ἑταίροι μάλιστα φοβοῦνται, ὁ δὲ Θησεὺς αὐτοῖς ανδρείως ἡγεῖται.

Μ 8 JAH τὸν Μινώταυρον μὴ φοβεῖσθε, ὦ ἑταῖροι, ἀλλ' ἀνδρεῖοι ἔστε.

M 8 LXD μὴ φοβεῖσθε, ὦ φίλοι, ἀλλὰ ἴσθι ἀνδρείως.

Μ 8 ΝΑD μὴ φοβεῖσθε τὸν Μινώταυρον, ὦ φίλοι, ἀλλ' ἀνδρεῖοί ἐσθε.

M 8 RKM μὴ φοβεῖσθε τὸν Μινώταρον , ὦ φίλοι, ἀλλὰ ἀνδρεῖοι γίγνεσθε.

Μ 9 JAH ἐπεὶ ἡμέρα γίγνεται, ἡ ναῦς εἰς τὴν νῆσον ἀφικνεῖται.

The paradigm for v $\alpha \tilde{\nu} \zeta$ is also found on page 290, along with $\beta o \tilde{\nu} \zeta$.

M 9 LXD ἐπει ἡμέρα γίνεται, ἡ ναῦς εἰς τὴν νῆσον ἀφικνεῖται.

Μ 9 ΝΑΟ έπεὶ ἡμέρα γίγνεται, ἡ ναῦν εἰς τὴν νῆσον ἀφικνεῖται.

Μ 9 RKM ἐπεὶ ἡμέρα γίγνεται, ὁ ναῦς εἰς τὴν νήσον ἀφίκνειται.

Μ 10 JAΗ ἐπεὶ εἰς τὴν Κρήτην πορευόμεθα, πολλὰς νήσους ὁρῶμεν.

M 10 LXD έπεὶ πορευόμεθα εἰς τὴν Κρήτην, πολλὰς νήσους ὁρῶμεν.

Μ 10 ΝΑΟ ἐπεὶ πρὸς τὴν Κρήτην πορευόμεθα, νῆθοι πολλαὶ ὁρῶμεν.

Μ 10 RKM ἐπεὶ πρὸς Κρήτην πορευόμεθα, πολλὰς νήσους ὑρῶσιν.

N 1 JAH ἐν ῷ Ἀριάδνη καλεῖ, ὁ θεὸς Διόνυσος βλέπει ἀπὸ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ πρὸς τὴν γῆν ἕπειτα τὴν Ἀριάδνην ὁρῷ καὶ ἐρῷ αὐτῆς.

N 1 LXD ἐν ῷ̃ ἡ Ἀριάδνη καλεῖ, ὁ θεός ὁ Διόνυσος ἀπὸ οὐρανοῦ πρὸς τὴν γῆν • ἔπειτα τῃν Ἀριάδνην ὁρῷ καὶ φιλεῖ.

Ν 1 ΝΑD ἐν ῷ̃ ἡ Ἀριάδνη καλεῖ, ὁ θεὸς ὁ Διόνυσος ἀπὸ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ βλέπει πρὸς τὴν γῆν· ἔπειτα δὲ τὴν Ἀριάδνην ὁρῷ καὶ φιλεῖ αὐτήν.

N 1 RKM έν ῷ ἡ Ἀριάδνη καλεῖ, ὁ θεὸς ὁ Διόνυσος κατὰ οὐρανὸν πρὸς τὴν γὴν βλέπει; ἐπεὶ τὴν Ἀριάδνην ὁρῷ καὶ αὐτὴν φιλεῖ.

N 2 JAH πέτεται οὖν ἀπὸ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ πρὸς τὴν γῆν, καὶ ἐπεὶ εἰς τὴν νῆσον ἀφικνεῖται, προσχωρεῖ αὐτῃ καὶ, "ὦ Ἀριάδνη," φησίν[.] "μὴ φοβοῦ. ἐγὼ γὰρ, ὁ Διόνυσος, πάρειμι. ἐρῶ σου καὶ βούλομαί σε σῷζειν. ἐλθὲ μετά μου πρὸς τὸν οὐρανόν."

N 2 LXD πέτεται οῦν ἀπὸ οὐρανοῦ πρὸς γῆν. ἐπεὶ δὲ ἀφικνεῖται πρὸς τὴν νῆσον, προσχωρεῖ αὐτῇ καὶ "Ἀριάδνη," φησίν, "μὴ φοβοῦ. ἐγὼ γὰρ Διόνυσυς πάρειμι. σὲ φιλῶ τεκαὶ βούλομαι σῷζειν. ἔπεσθὲ μοι εἰς οὐρανόν."

N 2 NAD πέτεται οὖν ἀπὸ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ πρὸς τὴν γῆν. ἐπεὶ δ' εἰς τὴν νῆσον ἀφικνεῖται, προσχωρεῖ αὐτῆ καί, "μὴ φοβοῦ," φησίν, "ὦ Ἀριάδνη· ἐγὼ γάρ, ὁ Διόνυσος, πάρειμι. φιλεῖ σε καὶ βούλομαι σώζειν. ἴθι μετ' ἐμοῦ πρὸς τὸν οὐρανόν."

N 2 RKM οὕτως οὖν ἀπὸ τοῦ οὐρανοὺ πρὸς τὴν γὴν πέτεται. καὶ ἐπεὶ εἰς τὴν νήσον ἀφικνεῖται, αὐτῇ προσέρχεται καὶ "ὦ Ἀριάδνη", φήσι, "μὴ φοβοῦ. ἐγὼ γἀρ, Διόνυσος, πάρειμι. φιλῶ σε καὶ βουλομαι σοῦ σῷζειν. ἐλθέ ἀπὸ οὐρανὸν μετὰ μου.

Ν 3 JAΗ χαίρει οὖν ἡ Ἀριάδνη καὶ ἔρχεται μετ' αὐτοῦ / πρὸς αὐτόν.

N 3 LXD ή οῦν Ἀριάδνη χαίρει τεκαὶ αὐτῷ προσχωρεĩ.

Ν 3 ΝΑΟ χαίρει οὖν ἡ Ἀριάδνη καὶ ἔρχεται πρὸς αὐτόν.

Ν 3 RKM ούτως οὖν ἡ Ἀριάδνη χαιρεῖ καὶ αὐτὸν προσχορεῖ.

N 4 JAH ἔπειτα ὁ Διόνυσος ἀναφέρει αὐτὴν πρὸς τὸν οὐρανόν καὶ ἡ Ἀριάδνη θεὰ γίγνεται καὶ μένει εἰσαεὶ ἐν τῷ οὐρανῷ.

Ν 4 LXD ἕπειτα ὁ Διόνυσος εἰς οὐρανὸν ἀναφέρει • Ἀριάδνη μὲν θεὰ γίγνεται, εἰσαεὶ δὲ ἐν οὐρανῷ μένει.

N 4 NAD ἕπειτα δ' ὁ Διόνυσος αὐτὴν ἀναφέρει πρὸς τὸν οὐρανὸν[.] ἡ δ' Ἀριάδνη θεὰ γίγνεται καὶ εἰσαεὶ μένει ἐν τῷ οὐρανῷ.

N 4 RKM ἐπεὶ ὁ Διόνυσος αὐτὴν ἀναφέρει ἀνὰ τὸν οὐρανόν[.] Ἀριάδνη δὲ θὲαν γίγνεται καὶ ἐν τῷ οὐρανῷ εἰσαεὶ μένει.